



# ARCHITECTURE SERVICE DISCOVERY

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# KRAV TIL ARKITEKTUR

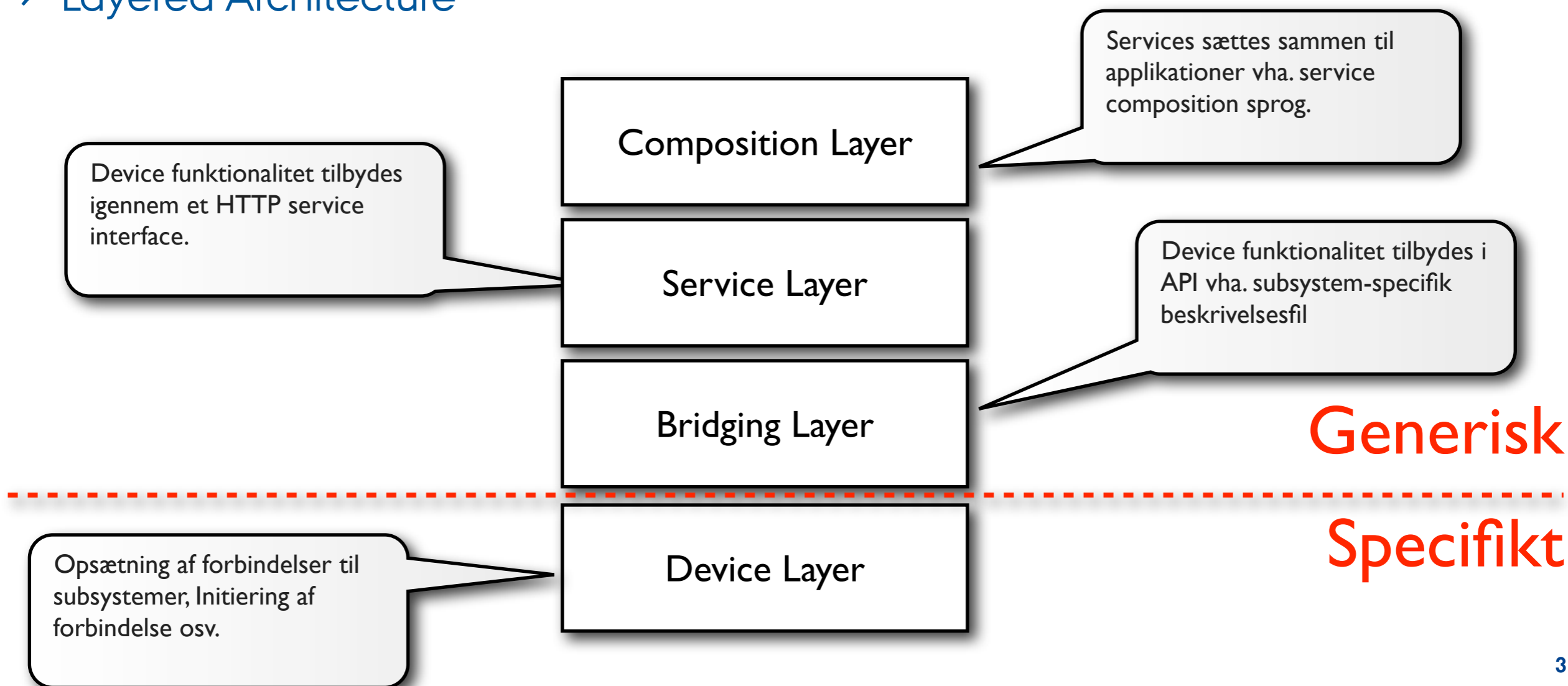
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- › Funktionalitet
  - › Apparater skal kunne kommunikere på en fornuftig måde
- › Forretningsmæssige krav
  - › Producenter skal selv bestemme hvad de vil åbne op for
  - › Eksisterende end-devices skal kunne fungere uden at skulle ændres
- › Krav til kvaliteter (arkitekturegenskaber)
  - › Modificerbarhed
    - › Det skal være let at tilføje nye subsystemer og end-devices efter deployment - uden at påvirke kørende system
  - › Brugbarhed
    - › Systemet skal være anvendeligt af forskellige kategorier af brugere
  - › Skalerbarhed
    - › 100er af samtidige enheder
    - › Skal kunne implementeres på resourcebegrænsede systemer

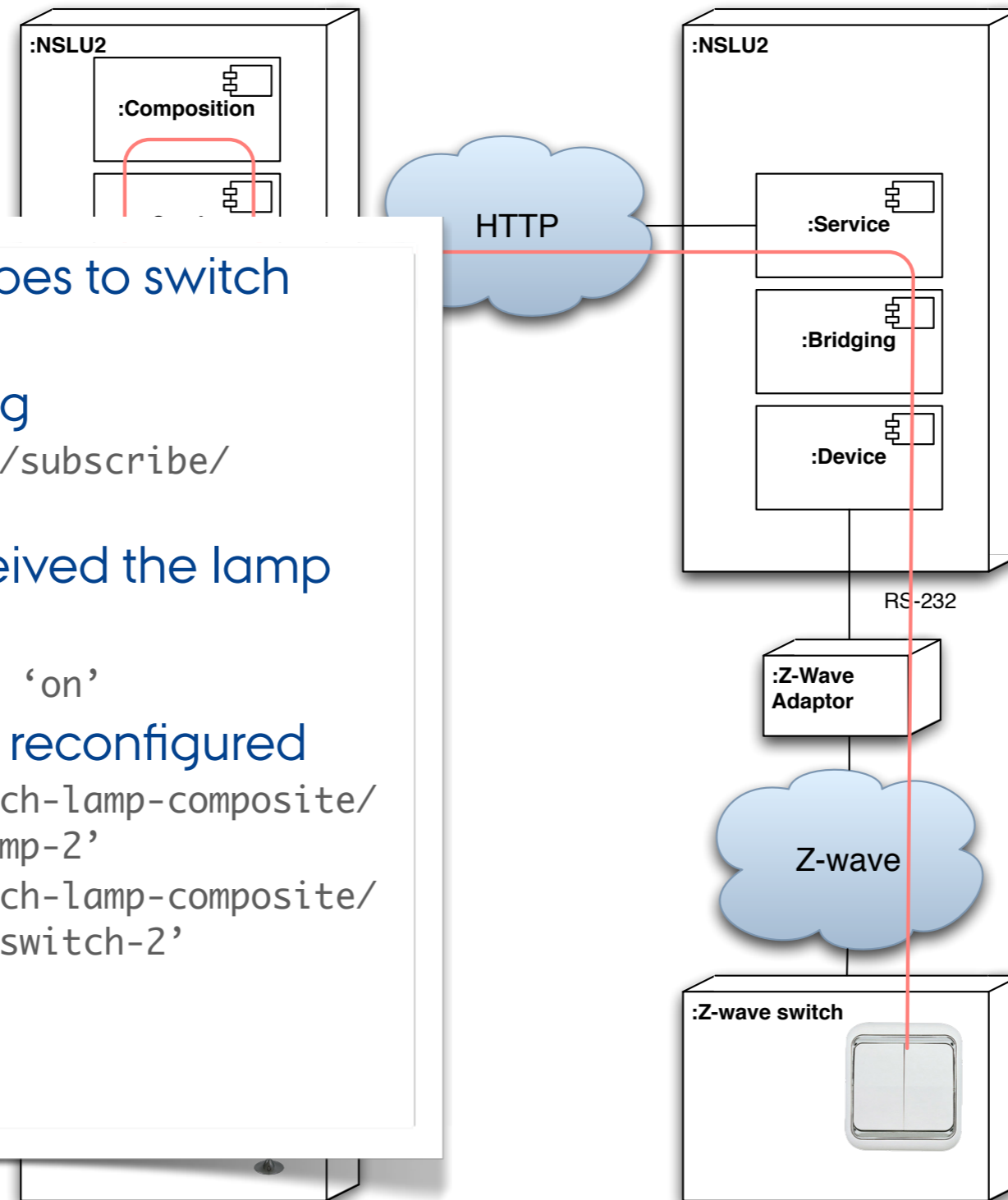


# MODULE VIEW

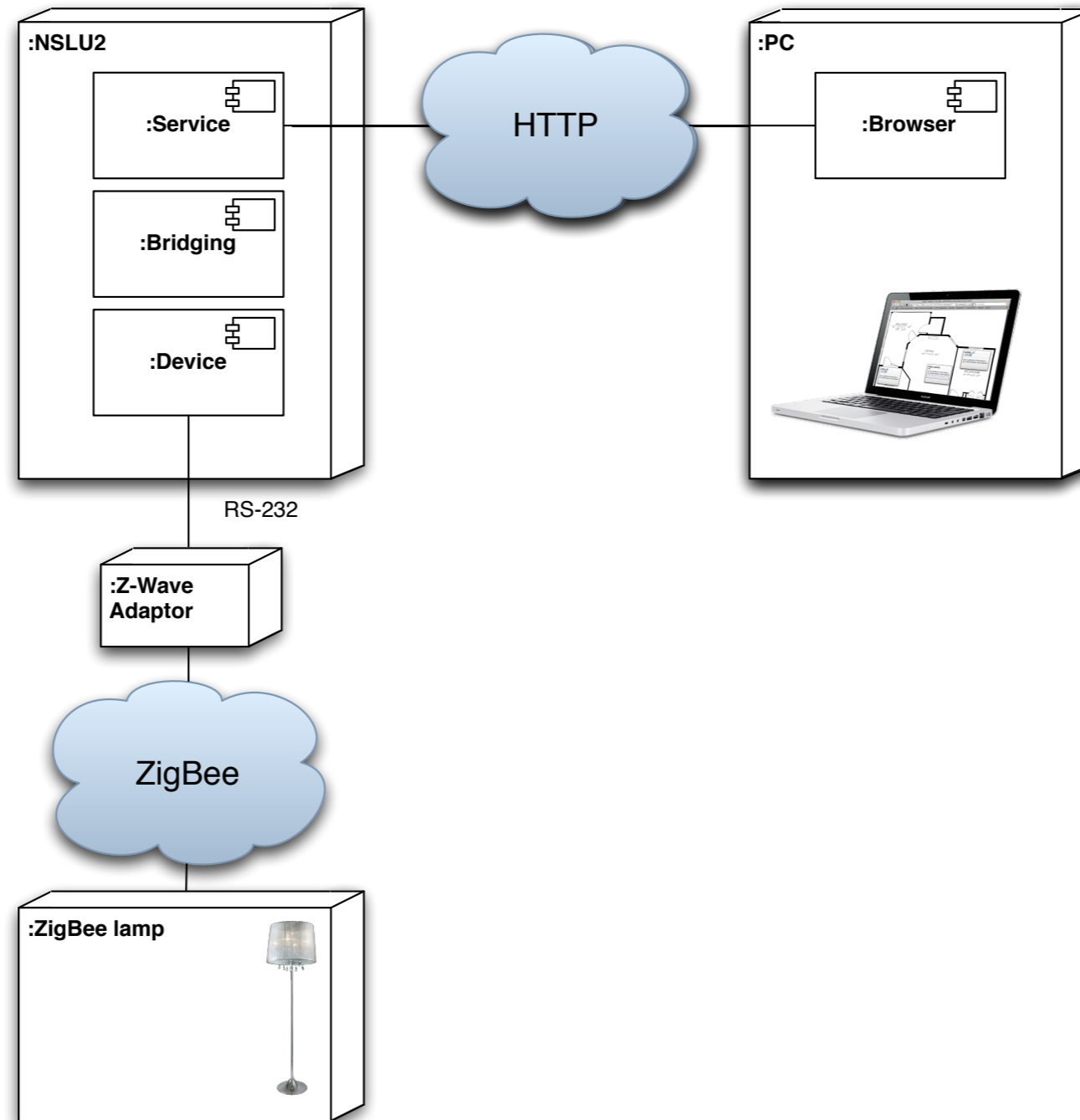
## > Layered Architecture



- > Composite subscribes to switch events
- > Use HTTP-streaming
  - > GET subscriptions/subscribe/services/switch
- > When event is received the lamp state is toggled
  - > PUT services/lamp 'on'
- > Composite can be reconfigured
  - > PUT services/switch-lamp-composite/lamp 'services/lamp-2'
  - > PUT services/switch-lamp-composite/switch 'services/switch-2'



# SAMPLE DEPLOYMENT



# SAMPLE DEPLOYMENT



# HVORDAN SER SYSTEMET UD FOR FORSKELLIGE KATEGORIER AF BRUGERE?

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- › Slutbruger (brug)
  - › Oplever systemet gennem hjemmets apparater (lamper, kontakter, vægpaneler osv.)
- › Slutbruger (konfigurering/installation)
  - › Tilgår systemet gennem brugergrænseflade (PC, web, mobil, el. lign.)
- › End-device udvikler
  - › Behøver ikke vide at homeport eksisterer
- › Controller/composition udvikler
  - › Tilgår services via HTTP/REST. Bruger service discovery mekanismer
- › Gatewayudvikler
  - › Er ansvarlig for at tilbyde subsystem device funktionalitet gennem HTTP/REST interface (skal være subsystemsekspert)
    - › Baseret på standard biblioteker og beskrivelsesfiler



# SERVICE DISCOVERY

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- › Requirements
  - › Should make it possible to
    - › Find service URLs
    - › Find composite URLs
    - › Make static information about services available
  - › Should fit into framework (based on HTTP)
- › **Candidate design:**
- › Elected service registry
  - › A node stores information about other nodes
  - › Can be queried for information (by using HTTP)
  - › Information structured hierarchically
    - › Nodes, services, service information
  - › Standard cache mechanisms used to increase performance
- › Bonjour for bootstrapping (finding service registry)
  - › Decentralised (mdns)
  - › Standardised
  - › Open source libraries available (works on prototyping platform)
  - › Works with browser
  - › Supported by default on Linux, OS X, package available for Windows